

DRAFT DRUG TRANSPARENCY MODEL LEGISLATION

AN ACT TO PROMOTE PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICE TRANSPARENCY AND COST CONTROL

WHEREAS the cost of prescription drugs is rising rapidly, year over year;¹ and

WHEREAS, the cost of prescription drugs represents a significant challenge to the State budget for Medicaid and CHIP expenditures, state employee and retiree health insurance, corrections' health care, and the cost of coverage for the employees of public schools and institutions of public higher education for which the State shares the cost; and

WHEREAS the cost of prescription drugs represents 21 percent of spending for employer sponsored insurance, creating a significant challenge to employers that struggle to provide health insurance to employees and their dependents while maintaining a competitive and viable business concern in the State; and

WHEREAS the cost of prescription drugs represents a significant and daily challenge to thousands of the State's residents, who experience difficulty accessing affordable medications; and

WHEREAS the unpredictability of new, high cost drugs and significant price increases for older drugs can strain the ability of State agencies, private payers, and consumers to manage their budgets and access treatments;

WHEREAS the lack of transparency in health insurance issuer costs, and wholesaler and pharmacy benefits manager discounts and margins, prevents policymakers and the public from gaining a true understanding of the cost of the prescription drugs purchased; WHEREAS providing pricing information across the prescription drug supply chain will help achieve pricing transparency;

WHEREAS a minimum data set in common with other States will minimize burden on entities that are required to report;

WHEREAS a minimum data set in common with other States will enable analyses and comparisons across states; and

WHEREAS the Legislature finds that greater transparency in the current opaque pricing and payment environment for prescription drugs will be a critical tool in developing strategies to address rising drug prices and managing State budgets in a responsible manner; now, therefore

Be it enacted by the People of the State of ______ as follows:

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS

"Acquisition date" is the month and year that the manufacturer registered with the FDA as the labeler for the drug.

"Brand-name drug" is a prescription drug approved under 21 USC § 355(b) or 42 USC § 262.

"Current calendar year projections" are the amounts the manufacturer anticipates will occur in the current calendar year; or if so allowed by [the State Agency], has occurred in the current calendar year to date.

"Drug group" is as defined by [the State Agency] for the purpose of facilitating revenue and cost reporting by manufacturers.

"Drug grouper" is the name of the standard system the manufacturer is using to group drugs for the purpose of reporting, or a system designated by [the State Agency].

"Generic drug" is a prescription drug approved under 21 USC § 355(j).

"Ingredient cost" is the total amount that third parties pay to pharmacies or pharmacy networks for a drug or drug group.

"Insurance issuer" is a company or organization that is licensed by the Department of Insurance or equivalent agency or agencies in the State to issue coverage entitling a beneficiary to receive a defined set of health care benefits in exchange for a defined consideration such as a premium.

"Justification for current-year price increase" is the reason or reasons that the manufacturer increased the WAC of the drug or drug group compared with last year.

"Manufacturer" is any entity that holds the NDC for a prescription drug and is either engaged in the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of drug products; or is engaged in the packaging, repackaging, labeling, relabeling, or distribution of drug products and is not a wholesale distributor of drugs or a retail pharmacy licensed under State law.

"Manufacturer cost" is total costs directly related or allocated to the reported drug specifically for sales in the United States or the State as indicated. Such costs include the cost of goods sold and allocated operating expenses, consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

"Manufacturer sales volume" is the number of WAC units of the drug or drug group that the manufacturer has sold or expects to sell in the reference year, to any wholesaler or other direct purchaser in the United States or the State, as indicated.

"Market introduction" is the month and year in which the manufacturer acquired or first marketed the drug for sale in the United States.

"National drug code (NDC)" is the numerical code maintained by the FDA that includes the labeler code, product code, and package code.

"Nonproprietary name" is the generic name assigned by the United States Adopted Names (USAN) Council.

"Patient volume" is the number of patients expected to be prescribed the drug in the indicated year.

"Pharmacy benefits manager" is any entity that administers the prescription drug, prescription device, and pharmacist services portion of a health care plan on behalf of an issuer. This definition includes issuers that do not use a separate pharmacy benefits manager to administer their prescription drug programs.

"Pharmacy benefits manager net income" is revenue received from insurance issuers for the drug or drug group, after subtracting (i) the ingredient cost for the drug or drug group paid to pharmacies, pharmacy networks, or pharmacy services administrative organizations for the drug or drug group; and (ii) the pharmacy benefits manager's operating expenses allocated specifically to the drug or drug group. Net revenue includes revenue from margin pricing, if used by the pharmacy benefits manager, plus any other revenue associated with or allocated to the drug or drug group. Net income is defined consistent with GAAP.

"Pharmacy dispensing fee" is the amount paid to a pharmacy or pharmacy network to cover charges for professional services and overhead costs.

"Pharmacy services administrative organization" is an entity that provides contracting and other administrative services to pharmacies to assist them in their interaction with third-party payers, pharmacy benefit managers, wholesale drug distributors, or other entities.

"Product cost" is the cost of material, direct labor, and overhead. Product cost is defined consistent with GAAP.

"Proprietary name" is the brand or trademark name of the drug reported to the FDA.

"Rebate" is a discount or concession that affects the price of a prescription drug manufactured by the pharmaceutical manufacturer, and that the pharmaceutical manufacturer directly provides to a (i) health insurance issuer, (ii) pharmacy benefits manager after the manager processes a claim from a pharmacy or a pharmacist, or (iii) a wholesale drug distributor. "Rebate" does not mean a bona fide service fee, as such term is defined in Section 447.502 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended from time to time.

"Reporting entity" is any manufacturer, insurance issuer, pharmacy benefits manager, wholesale drug distributor, or any other entity required to report to [the State Agency] under this Act.

"Revenue" is the total gross revenue associated with the drug or drug group in the United States or the State, as indicated. Revenue is defined consistent with GAAP.

"Tax identification number" is the 9-digit tax Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) used by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

"Total spending" is the total of allowed amounts associated with payment for a specified drug or drug group, for all covered lives.

"Volume" is the total number of WAC units of each drug or summed across all drugs in a drug group.

"Wholesale acquisition cost (WAC)" is the manufacturer's list price to wholesalers or direct purchasers in the United States on December 31 of the reference year, as reported in wholesale price guides or other publications of drug or biological pricing data; it does not include prompt pay or other discounts, rebates or reductions in price. The current or proposed WAC is the amount that prompts reporting under this Act. If reported by drug group, it is the average WAC weighted by the relevant number of WAC units.

"Wholesale acquisition cost (WAC) Unit" is the lowest identifiable quantity of the drug or biological that is dispensed, exclusive of any diluent without reference to volume measures pertaining to liquids. If reporting by drug group as indicated by [the State Agency], it is the total number of WAC units in the drug group. "Wholesale drug distributor" is an entity engaged in the sale of prescription drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient, and licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy or equivalent agency or agencies, as the State requires.

"Wholesale drug distributor net income" is the amount received from all purchasers for the drug or drug group after subtracting the wholesale drug distributor's cost of goods sold and operating expenses allocated specifically to the drug or drug group. Net income includes revenue from margin pricing, if used by the wholesale drug distributor, plus any other revenue associated with or allocated to the drug or drug group. Net income is defined consistent with GAAP.

SECTION 2. PRICE INCREASE AND NEW DRUG PRICE JUSTIFICATION

- (1) A manufacturer shall notify [the State Agency] if it is increasing the WAC of a brand-name drug by more than 20 percent per WAC unit during any 12-month period, or if it is increasing the WAC of a generic drug priced at \$10 or more per WAC unit by 20 percent or more during the immediately preceding 12-month period. The notice shall be provided in writing at least 60 days prior to the planned effective date of the increase.
- (2) A manufacturer shall notify [the State Agency] if it intends to introduce a new drug in the United States that has a WAC of \$670 per WAC unit or more. The notice shall be provided in writing at least 60 days prior to market introduction.
- (3) A manufacturer that must notify [the State Agency] under Paragraph 1 of this Section shall report to [the State Agency] the following minimum data, and other data that may be specified by [the State Agency], at least 30 days before the price increase:
 - (a) Drug identification
 - (i) National drug code
 - (ii) Proprietary drug name
 - (iii) Non-proprietary drug name
 - (iv) WAC unit
 - (v) Drug group code or name
 - (vi) Drug grouper

- (vii) Manufacturer tax identification number
- (viii) Manufacturer name
- (b) U.S. Sales volume by drug and drug group as specified by [the State Agency], in WAC units
 - (i) Projected current-year sales volume
 - (ii) Sales volume in the current year minus 1
 - (iii) Sales volume in the current year minus 2
 - (iv) Sales volume in the current year minus 3
 - (v) Sales volume in the current year minus 4
- (c) Sales volume in this State for the drug and drug group as specified by [the State Agency], in WAC units:
 - (i) Projected current-year sales volume
 - (ii) Sales volume in the current year minus 1
 - (iii) Sales volume in the current year minus 2
 - (iv) Sales volume in the current year minus 3
 - (v) Sales volume in the current year minus 4
- (d) Wholesale price and related information for the drug:
 - (i) Year of market introduction;
 - (ii) WAC at market introduction;
 - (iii) Current WAC;
 - (iv) WAC in the current year minus 1, year end
 - (v) WAC in the current year minus 2, year end
 - (vi) WAC in the current year minus 3, year end
 - (vii) WAC in the current year minus 4, year end
 - (viii) Justification for proposed current-year WAC increase
- (e) Drug acquisition (if applicable):
 - (i) Acquisition date (MMYYYY)
 - (ii) Company from which acquired
 - (iii) WAC at acquisition, in U.S. dollars
- (f) Revenue from the sale of the drug and (or) drug group in the United States by drug and drug

group as specified by [the State Agency], in U.S. dollars per unit:

- (i) Projected revenue in the current year
- (ii) Revenue in the current year minus 1

- (iii) Revenue in the current year minus 2;
- (iv) Revenue in the current year minus 3;
- (v) Revenue in the current year minus 4.
- (g) Revenue from the sale of the drug and (or) drug group in the State by drug or drug group as specified by [the State Agency], in U.S. dollars per WAC unit:
 - (i) Projected revenue in the current year
 - (ii) Revenue in the current year minus 1
 - (iii) Revenue in the current year minus 2
 - (iv) Revenue in the current year minus 3
 - (v) Revenue in the current year minus 4
- (h) Manufacturer cost associated with sales in the United States by drug or drug group as specified by [the State Agency]:
 - (i) Projected cost in the current year
 - (ii) Cost in the current year minus 1
 - (iii) Cost in the current year minus 2
 - (iv) Cost in the current year minus 3
 - (v) Cost in the current year minus 4
- (i) Current calendar-year projections or incurred cost year to date, as [the State Agency] may indicate, related directly or allocated specifically to sales of this drug and drug group in the United States:
 - (i) Number of WAC units produced
 - (ii) Product cost;
 - (iii) Research and development costs
 - (iv) A description of research and development costs
 - (v) Other company-level capital expenditures allocated to the drug and drug group
 - (vi) A description of other capital expenditures and, if allocated, the rationale for allocation
 - (vii) Financial assistance provided in the United States through patient prescription assistance programs or coupons provided to consumers
 - (viii) Rebates to pharmacy benefits managers
 - (ix) Other rebates, discounts, and price concessions
 - (x) Marketing and advertising expense

- (xi) Other administrative expense allocated to the drug or drug group
- (xii) A description of other administrative expenditures and rationale for allocation
- (4) A manufacturer that must notify [the State Agency] under Paragraph 2 of this Section shall report to the State the following minimum data and other data that may be specified by [the State Agency], at least 60 days before the date of market introduction:
 - (a) Drug identification
 - (i) National drug code
 - (ii) Proprietary drug name
 - (iii) Non-proprietary drug name
 - (iv) Manufacturer tax identification number
 - (v) Manufacturer name
 - (vi) Drug grouper
 - (vii) Drug group code or name
 - (viii)Date of market introduction
 - (IX) WAC unit
 - (X) Brand or generic
 - (b) Patient volume, revenue and price
 - (i) Projected patient volume in the current year for the drug and drug group in the United States
 - (ii) Projected patient volume in the current year for the drug and drug group in the State
 - (iii) Projected revenue for the drug and drug group in the current year in the United States
 - (iv) WAC at market introduction
- (5) Disclosure of all information reported under this Section is subject to protections defined in Section9.

SECTION 3. PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER DISCOUNTS AND NET INCOME

- (1) Each pharmacy benefit manager shall, to the extent allowed by law, report annually to [the State Agency] the following minimum data, and other data that may be specified by [the State Agency], within 60 days after receiving notification by [the State Agency] indicating the specific drugs or drug groups for which reporting is required:
 - (a) Wholesale acquisition cost
 - (i) Minimum and maximum WAC for each indicated drug and drug group for which the pharmacy benefit manager has negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the last calendar year, related to prescriptions under an insurance policy issued in the State.
 - (ii) Minimum and maximum WAC for each indicated drug and drug group for which the pharmacy benefits manager has negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the current calendar year, related to prescriptions under an insurance policy issued in the State.
 - (b) Volume in WAC units of each indicated drug and drug group that the pharmacy benefit manager negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
 - (c) Projected volume in WAC units of each indicated drug and drug group that the pharmacy benefit manager expects to negotiate directly with the manufacturer in the current calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers

- (d) Total rebates, discounts, and price concessions received or negotiated directly with the manufacturer for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid, before Federal and state rebates
 - (iv) Medicaid Federal and state rebates
 - (v) Medicare
 - (vi) Other payers
- (e) Projected total rebates, discounts, or price concessions that the pharmacy benefit manager expects to receive or to negotiate directly with the manufacturer for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the current calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid, before Federal and state rebates
 - (iv) Medicaid Federal and state rebates
 - (v) Medicare
 - (vi) Other payers
- (f) Total discounts, dispensing fees, and other fees negotiated last year with pharmacies, prescription drug networks, or pharmacy services administrative organizations for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (g) Projected total discounts, dispensing fees, or other fees that the pharmacy benefits manager expects to negotiate in the current calendar year with pharmacies, prescription drug networks, or pharmacy services administrative organizations for each drug and drug

group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the current calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant

- (i) Total
- (ii) Commercial insurance payers
- (iii) Medicaid
- (iv) Medicare
- (v) Other payers
- (h) Total net income received in the last calendar year for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency], for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (i) Projected net income that the pharmacy benefits manager expects to receive in the current calendar year for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency], for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (2) Disclosure of all information reported under this Section is subject to protections defined in Section9.

SECTION 4. WHOLESALE DRUG DISTRIBUTOR DISCOUNTS AND NET INCOME

(1) Each wholesale drug distributor shall report annually to [the State Agency] the following minimum data, and other data that may be specified by [the State Agency], within 60 days after receiving

notification by [the State Agency] indicating the specific drugs or drug groups for which reporting is required:

- (a) Wholesale acquisition cost
 - (i) Minimum and maximum WAC for each indicated drug and drug group for which the wholesale drug distributor has negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the last calendar year, related to prescriptions under an insurance policy issued in the State.
 - (ii) Minimum and maximum WAC for each indicated drug and drug group for which the wholesale drug distributor has negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the current calendar year, related to prescriptions under an insurance policy issued in the State.
- (b) Volume in WAC units of each indicated drug and drug group that the wholesale drug distributor negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (c) Projected volume (in WAC units) of each indicated drug and drug group that the wholesale drug distributor expects to negotiated directly with the manufacturer in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (d) Total rebates, discounts, and price concessions negotiated directly with the manufacturer for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid

- (iv) Medicare
- (v) Other payers
- (e) Projected total rebates, discounts, or price concessions that the wholesale drug distributor expects to negotiate directly with the manufacturer for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the current calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid, before Federal and state rebates
 - (iv) Medicaid Federal and state rebates
 - (v) Medicare
 - (vi) Other payers
- (f) Total discounts, dispensing fees, and other fees negotiated last year with pharmacies, prescription drug networks, or pharmacy services administrative organizations for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the last calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (g) Projected total discounts, dispensing fees, or other fees that the wholesale drug distributor expects to negotiate in the current calendar year with pharmacies, prescription drug networks, or pharmacy services administrative organizations for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency] in the current calendar year, for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers

- (h) Total net income received in the last calendar year for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency], for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (i) Projected total margin that the wholesale drug distributor expects to receive in the current calendar year for each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency], for business in the State, in total and for each payer type as relevant.
 - (i) Total
 - (ii) Commercial insurance payers
 - (iii) Medicaid
 - (iv) Medicare
 - (v) Other payers
- (2) Disclosure of all information reported under this section is subject to protections defined in Section9.

SECTION 5. INSURANCE ISSUER COSTS

(1) Each insurance issuer designated by [the State Agency] as a reporting entity shall report annually to [the State Agency], to the extent allowed by law, spending on prescription drugs before enrollee cost sharing, in total and per prescription drug user, in total and for each of the top 25 prescription drugs and drug groups as defined by [the State Agency] in four categories, defined as: (i) the greatest total spending before enrollee cost sharing in the last calendar year; (ii) the greatest total spending per user of any drug in the drug group before enrollee cost sharing in the last calendar year; and (iii) highest year-over-year increase in total spending before enrollee cost sharing; and (iv) the highest year-over-year increase in total spending per user of any drug group before enrollee cost sharing.

- (2) For each drug and drug group as indicated by [the State Agency], the insurance issuer shall report the following minimum data and other data that may be specified by [the State Agency] within 60 days of the close of each calendar year:
 - (a) Total spending
 - (i) Total issuer spending before enrollee cost sharing in the last calendar year.
 - (ii) Projected total issuer spending for each drug (as listed in Section 1) before enrollee cost sharing, in the current calendar year.
 - (b) Price concessions and fees paid to pharmacy benefits managers
 - (i) Margins and fees (for each drug listed in Section 1) paid directly to pharmacy benefits managers or pharmacy services administrative organizations in the last calendar year
 - (c) Other retail price concessions and fees
 - (i) Other retail discounts, price concessions, and fees (for each drug listed in Section 1) paid in the last calendar year

SECTION 6. REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Each reporting entity shall register with [the State Agency] in a form and manner specified by [the State Agency] no later than January 31 of each calendar year.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENTS

(1) Each reporting entity shall pay an annual assessment to support the operational costs of [the State Agency's] activities as required by this Act. Such costs will include staff salaries, administrative expenses, data system expenses, and consulting fees of [the State Agency] to effect this Act. Total annual assessments shall be based on the total annual allocation authorized by the [State] State Legislature for the operational costs of [the State Agency's] activities under this Act, as indicated in [the State Agency's] fiscal year budget. The amount to be assessed shall be reduced by the difference between the total annual authorized allocation for the next fiscal year and the beginning fund balance in [the State Agency's] account for the prior fiscal year. Any assessment reduction shall be applied proportionately to the categorical groups assessed. Annual assessments shall be at least \$100 for each individual entity required to pay an assessment under this Act.

(2) Requests for payment of the final assessments shall be sent by [the State Agency] to all reporting entities under this Act. All assessments shall be due to [the State Agency] within 30 days of receipt of the request for payment.

SECTION 8. OVERSIGHT, CERTIFICATION, AND PENALTIES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE

- The reporting entity shall certify required reporting under this Act as accurate under the penalty of perjury.
- (2) Failure of a reporting entity to comply with any Section of this Act may result in a civil penalty as determined by the Director of [the State Agency]. Civil penalties under this Act may not exceed \$30,000 each day that the reporting entity is found to have not complied with any Section of this Act.
- (3) [The State Agency] may audit the data submitted to [the State Agency] by a reporting entity pursuant to Section 2, Section 3, Section 4, and Section 5 of this Act, in a form and manner specified by [the State Agency]. The reporting entity shall pay all costs associated with the audit.
- (4) [The State Agency] may require a reporting entity to submit a corrective action plan, in a form and manner specified by [the State Agency], to correct deficiencies in reporting pursuant to Section 2, Section 3, Section 4, and Section 5 of this Act.
- (5) [The State Agency] may call one or more public hearings and may subpoena any reporting entity to explain its reporting pursuant to Section 2, Section 3, Section 4, and Section 5 of this Act.

SECTION 9. HEARING AND PUBLIC REPORTING

(1) [The State Agency] shall annually prepare and make available on its website a report on emerging trends in prescription drug prices, and conduct an annual public hearing based on the report findings. The report shall include, but may not be limited to, analysis of manufacturer prices and price increases as reported under this Act, and analysis of information as reported by issuers, pharmacy benefit managers, and wholesale drug distributors under this Act, so as to make clear the major components of prescription drug pricing along the supply chain, and the impacts on insurance premiums and consumer cost sharing. The data in the report may not reveal information specific to any individual reporting entity.

(2) Except as provided in this Section, [the State Agency] shall keep confidential all information submitted by an individual reporting entity, and protect it from public disclosure. [The State Agency] may share such information with Department of Insurance or equivalent agency or agencies; such agency or agencies shall keep confidential any information shared by [the State Agency] under this Act and protect it from public disclosure.

SECTION 10. SEVERABILITY

 The provisions of this act are severable. If any part of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part which remains.

*Updated February 13, 2020

¹ Total spending for prescription drugs increased at an average annual rate of 5.2 percent between 2012 and 2017, compared with an average increase of 4.5 percent for all other health care services, equipment, and supplies. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Table 2 - National Health Expenditures; Aggregate, Annual Percent Change, Percent Distribution and Per Capita Amounts, by Type of Expenditure: Selected Calendar Years 1960-2017 [https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/NationalHealthExpendData/NationalHealthAccountsHistorical.html].